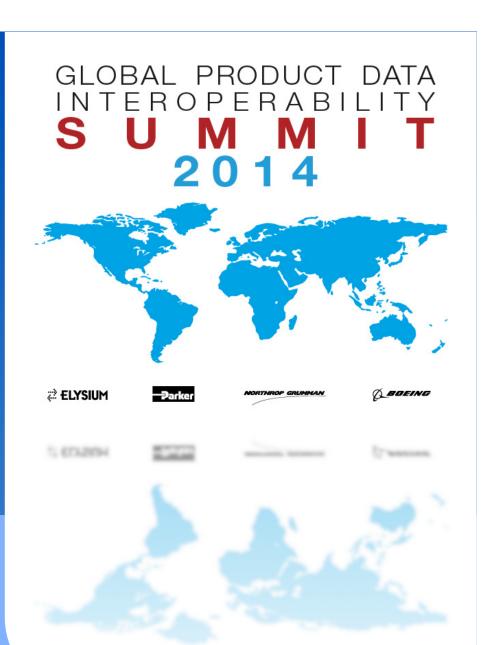
# PDES Requirements / Traceability Project

Alejandro Ventura Systems Engineer Honeywell Aerospace



## Requirements / Traceability Overview

- Limited project to investigate standards-based exchanges of requirements and tracing relationships among Systems Engineering tools
- Pilot requirements management and impact analysis within multi-tiered supply chains; identify gaps and best practices
- Use STEP AP233 exchange standards and common tools for pilot with industry use cases
- Investigate fidelity for traceability in STEP models and exchanges.







## **Project Objectives**

- Align PDES use cases and activities with SAVI, INCOSE, and MoSSEC efforts
- Develop higher fidelity System Engineering tool exchanges with less support
- Identify metrics to assess ROI of requirements & traceability exchange practices to encourage translator development
- Document translation best practices and gaps







#### **Use Cases**

- Text-based Requirements Exchanges Among Organizations
  - Standards based with OOTB functions
  - Minimal / no configuration by users
- Tracing Between Requirements Repositories
  - > Same and different tools
  - Some level of customization of the requirements management systems
- Tracing Between Requirements and CAD Model Features
  - "Is satisfied by" linked to (multiple) CADID's / GUID's and Reference Designators in CAD model
  - Improve impact analysis and verification processes; reuse Systems Engineering functions more broadly in supply chain

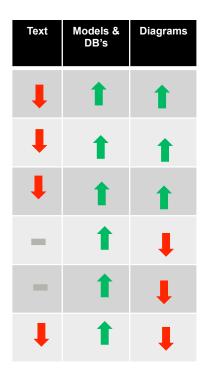


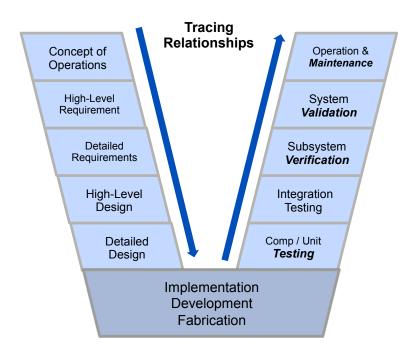


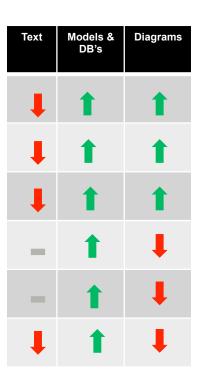


# Systems Engineering Exchange Trends

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014







#### MBD / MBE Impacting Systems Engineering Processes:

- 1. Model exchanges increasing
- 2. Text based requirements will not go away



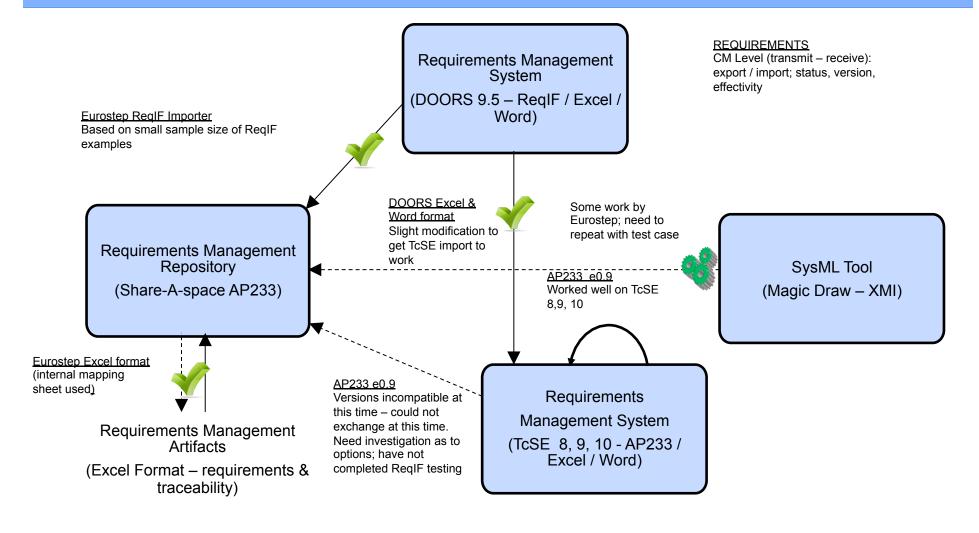








# **2013 Proof of Concept**













## 2014: Development of Fictitious Test Assembly Artifacts

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014

#### **Electrical**

- •PB's and Schematics created in Mentor Graphics DxDesigner and Expedition
- •All schematic symbols and board geometries set to be public
- Daughter card based on main card
- •Fiducials, test points, and features that can be referenced in requirements
- •Stretch goal is to incorporate SAVI test cases into process

#### Mechanical

- Chassis, hardware, shall be created in 1 or more: CREO2, NX done
- Wire harnesses shall be created in 1 or more: CREO2 done, NX possible
- Flex tape created in Mentor Expedition, translated to CREO2 for visualization
- Mounted on NIST mechanical models with PMI inserted: CREO2

#### Requirements

- 5 sets of related requirements created (single sentence)
- Simple tracing relationships to parts, documents, and GUID / CADID artifacts
- Industry Standard and test notes
- Dummy reference documents for specifications, Concept of Operations, etc.

#### **EBOM**

Product structure in PDM and PLM





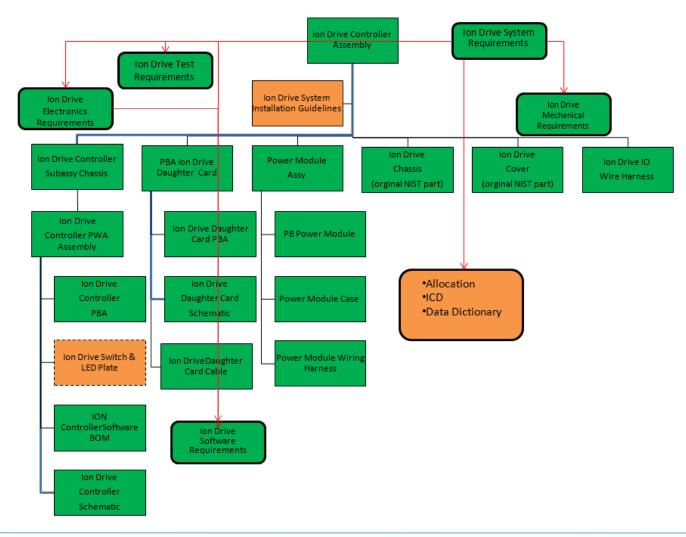


# Fictitious "Ion Drive Assembly" Product Structure

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014

Complete (for basic tests)

**Not Complete** 





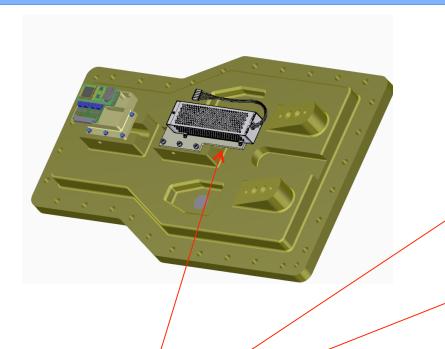


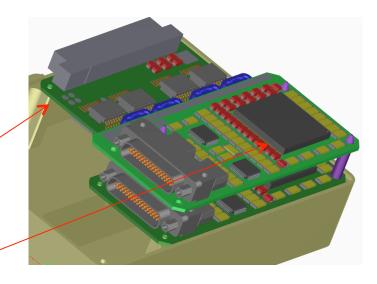




# **Tracing from Requirements to Physical Elements**

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014





1										
ID		Requirement ID	Parent ID TracedFrom	Short name	Textual definition	Version	Type	Orticality	Source Document	Source Document Ver
1	1	SReq1.0		Delivered system wet weight	The solution shall have a maximum wet weight, including integrated attach points, of 150 Kg	v001	Functional	High	Doc-1	v001
2	2	SReq2.0	SReq1.0	Derivered system spaceclaim	The solution, including attach points shall not exceed a physical space of 0.5M X 0.75M X 1M	v001	Functional	High	Doc-1	v001
3	3	SReq2		All control functions for AdVIPE II	The solution shall provide all control functions to the Advanced Ion Propulsion Engine Mark II	v001	Functional	Medium	Doc-1	v001
4	4	S9492.2		Shutdown during launch	System shall automatically safe the thruster mechanism during atmospheric flight	v001	Hazard	High	Doc-10	v008a
5	5	SReq3.0		Emergency safing	The solution shall provide an emergency safing function to shuddown the primary thruster within 2 seconds of a defined safety interrupt.	v001	Safety	High	Doc-10	v008a
6	6	SReq3.1		Safety Interuppt - loss of communications	The loss of communication with Mission Control for 48 consecutive (Earth) hours will be considered a loss of communication to the system and cause a safety interrupt to be invoked.	v001	Safety	High	Doc-10	v008a
7	7	SReq3.2	SReq3.0	Safety Interrupt - over thrust condition	The receipt of a +3.3V (in reference to SystemGround) signal for more than 5 seconds on the "OverThrustTriggerSensor" controller input, will be considered a safety interrupt event by the controller and cause an Emergency Safing condition.	v001	Hazard	High	Doc-10	v008a
8	8	SReq3.3	SReq3.0	Safety Interrupt - reactor out of spec condition	The receipt of a +12V (in reference to SystemGround) signaler for more than 60 seconds on "OutofSpecificationTriggerSensor" controller input, will be considered a safety interrupt event by the controller and cause an Emergency safing condition.	v001	Hazard	High	Doc-10	v008a

Phase I: trace from requirement to part number and version

Phase II: trace from requirement to CAD features (GUID / CADID / Reference Designator

- What are the best practices to express these relationships in the key standards?
- · How best to handle groupings & feature groups?



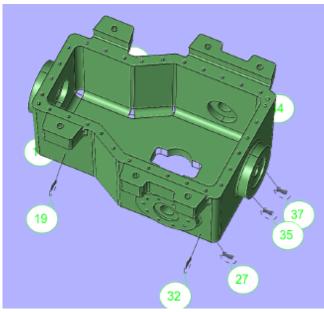




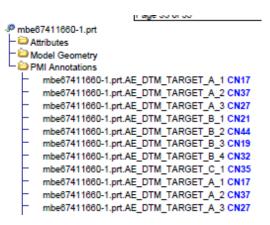


# **Product Development Systems Engineering Exchanges**

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014

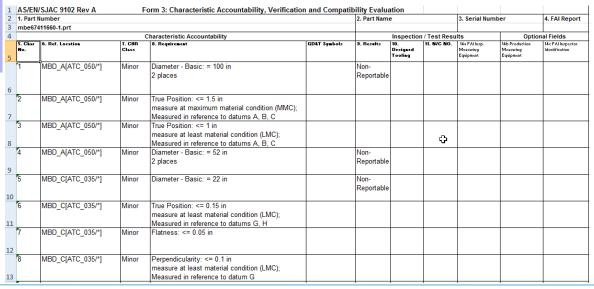


- •Requirements can be traced to processes and factory instructions.
- Measured observations readily available





Automated mechanism for generating and collecting First Article Inspection data



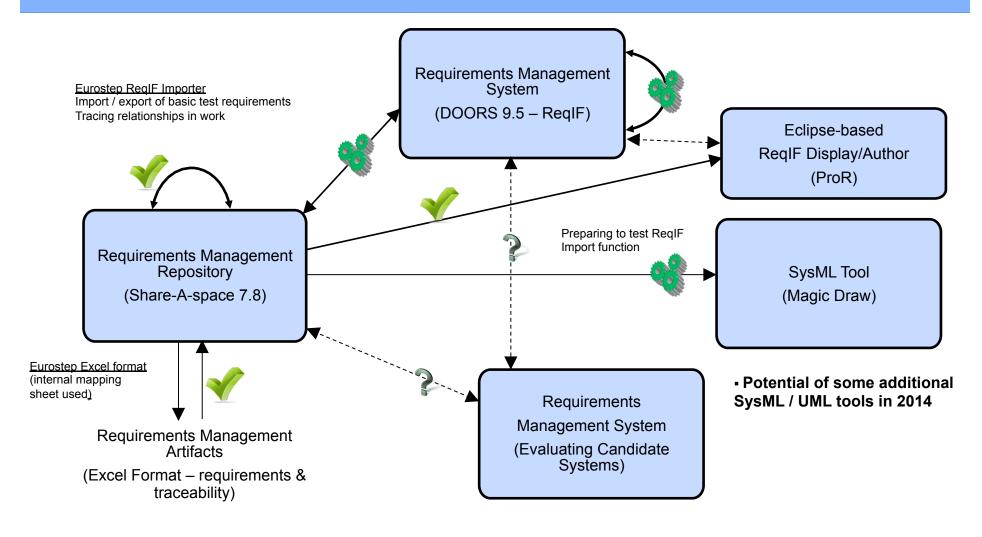








## 2014 Activities: ReqIF





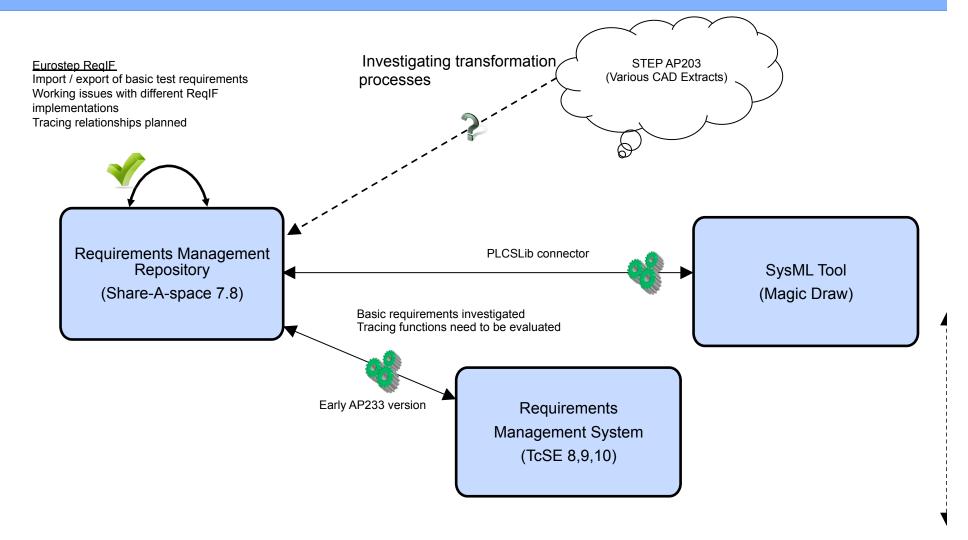








## 2014 Activities: STEP AP233





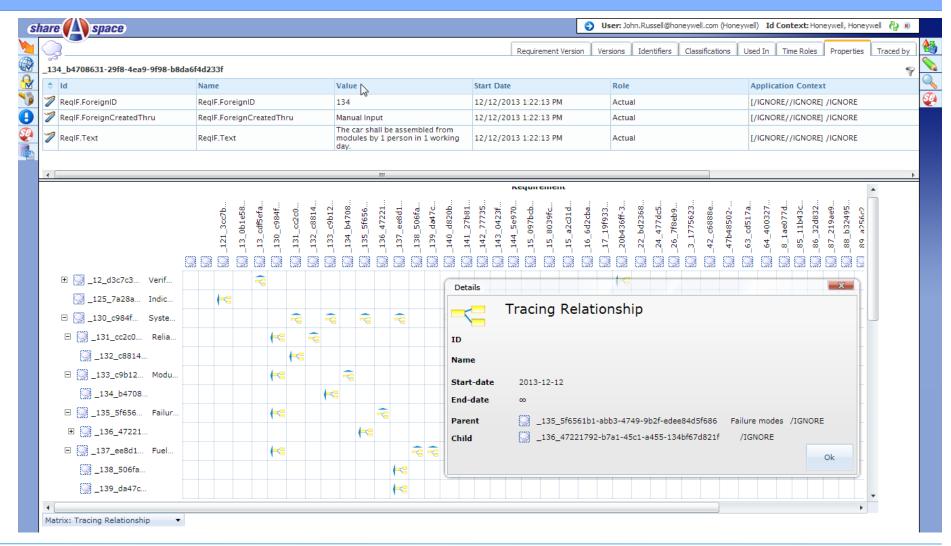








# **Product Development Systems Engineering Exchanges**









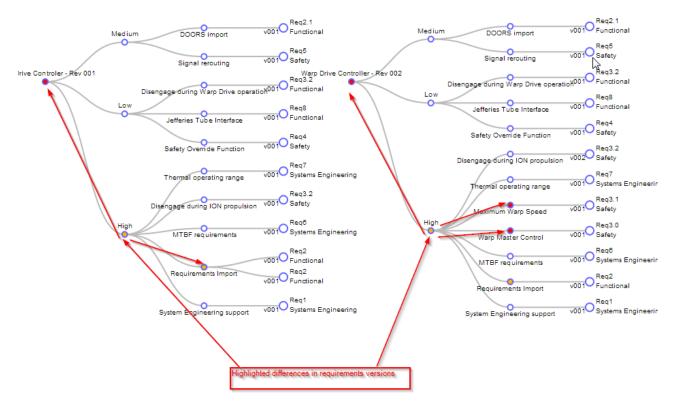




# **Comparison Function Proof of Concept**

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014

#### Comparison Viewer by Eurostep - View: Requirement/Criticality



#### <u>General Need for Comparisons of Versions – POC Discussion Topics</u>

- •What are the use cases how does this fit with cross domain tracing?
- •What input formats should be supported?
- •How will this approach fit for large datasets? human factors will be a major consideration
- •Are there better approaches?

ReqID/Requirement
Name/Criticality
Requirement Name/ReqID
Line/Requirement Name
ReqID/Requirement Name/Version
Traced From/Source
Document/Requirement Name

Requirement - sorted by name

Line: 9

name: Signal rerouting

Requirement/Criticality

Version: v001 ReqID: Req5 ParentID: 0

Description: The solution shall provide easy physical and logical access to anyone named Scotty to reroute output signals to be used for or controlled by other ship functions Criticality: Medium Release: undefined

TracedFrom:

SourceDocument: Script

Guidelines Type: Safety











#### **Lessons Learned To Date**

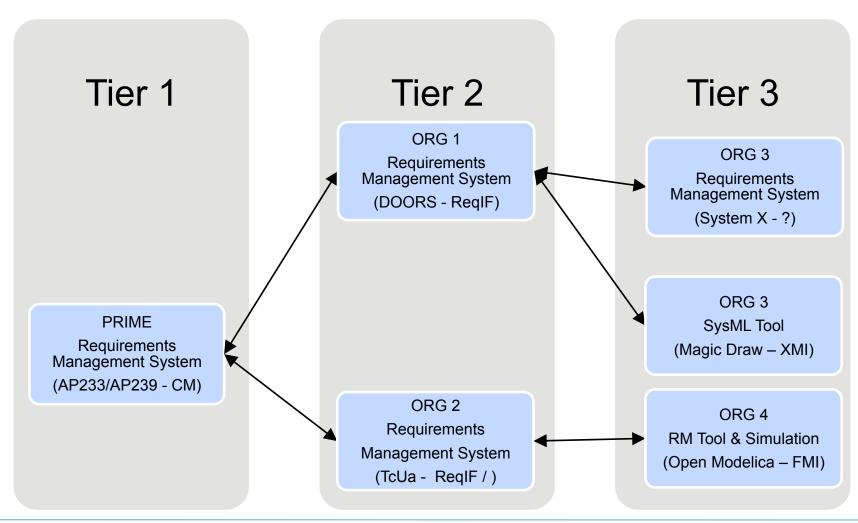
- Basic text requirement exchange works with in most cases properties and traces have been difficult.
- Pre-release version of STEP AP233 being used in some translators.
- Minor differences exist with current AP233 requirement translations investigating how difficult to solve; expect that to be affordable
- Situation with common tracing relationships unknown at this time
- Visualization tools and STEP translations improving in retaining CAD PMI (electrical and mechanical) for requirements tracing
- STEP AP239/233 provides mechanism for linking disparate sources of information.
- GUID's by themselves are not enough to guarantee uniqueness
- Investigating RegIF and XMI best practices for improved alignment.
- RealF development improved through use of purchased RealF Guidelines
- A common Implementer's Forum would accelerate interoperability







# Notional Multi-organization Demonstration













## **Next Steps**

Global Product Data Interoperability Summit | 2014

## Improve requirements

- ✓ Atomic diagnostic tests to speed development
- Align with 15288 guidelines
- Make physical models public electrical and mechanical
- Build out tracing relationships for prioritized use cases
- ✓ Move/recreate requirements in DOORS 9.5; enable OSLC and ReqIF exchanges
- Establish testing framework
  - ✓ Collaboration site for tracking and results
    - Contact <u>John.Russell@honeywell.com</u> for access to site and further information or feedback
  - ✓ Investigate Implementers Forum for SE Tool Interoperability: Greg Pollari leading PDES, Inc. project







